

English MM: 50
Assignment- II

Section-A (Reading)

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow: (12)

So great as our depression for doing things for ourselves, that we are becoming increasingly less dependent on specialized labour. No one can plead ignorance of a subject any longer, for there are countless do-it-yourself publications. Armed with the right tools and materials, newly-weds gaily embark on the task of decorating their own homes. Men of all ages spend hours of their leisure installing their own fire-places, laying out their own gardens; building garages and making furniture. Some really keen enthusiasts go so far to make their own record players and radio transmitter. Shops cater for the do-it-yourself craze not only by running special advisory services for novices, but by offering consumers bits and pieces which they can assemble at home. Such things provide an excellent outlet for pent-up creative energy, but unfortunately not all of us are born handymen.

Wives are tend to believe that their husbands are infinitely resourceful and versatile. Even husbands who can hardly drive a nail in straight are supposed to be born electricians, carpenters, plumbers and mechanics. When lights fuse, furniture gets rickety, pipes get clogged or, vacuum cleaners fail to operate, wives automatically assume that their husbands will somehow put

things right. The worst thing about the do-it-yourself game is that sometimes husbands live under the delusion that they can do anything even when they have been repeatedly proved wrong. It is a question of pride as much as anything else.

Last spring my wife suggested that I call in a man to look at our lawnmower. It had broken down the previous summer, and though I promised to repair it, I had never got round to it. I wouldn't hear of the suggestion and said that I would fix it myself. One Saturday afternoon I hauled the machine into the garden and had a close look at it. I was not at all iffy about my skills and observed it as like a professional technician would have eyed it. I moved all around the machine to analyse its every groove and bolt. After an hour's scrutiny, I decided to work hands on the machine. To me overall the machine needed only a minor adjustment: or turn of a screw here, a little tightening up there, a drop of oil and it would be as good as new. I did not waste more time in reevaluating my decision-making skills and sat down to mend it out. Inevitably the repair job was not quite so simple. The mower firmly refused to mow, so I decided to dismantle it. The garden was soon littered with chunks of metal which had once made up a lawn mower. But I was extremely pleased with myself. I had traced the cause of the trouble. One of the links in the chain that drives the wheels had snapped.

But the mess all around me filled me with fear. For one moment my own decision of getting it repaired myself irked me a lot. But the other moment, I despised it and moved ahead all full of confidence. I decided to go to the market to buy a new chain. But opps! Whom and where to go to. I wasn't very much aware of the

market too. I quietly called up my servant. Quietly because I did not want to be laughed at and in no way by my wife. I gathered the required information from him and got all set to browse the nearby market. I went into the hardware shop to get a new chain. After buying a new chain I was faced with the insurmountable task of putting the confusing jigsaw puzzle together again. I was not surprised to find that the machine still refused to work after I had reassembled it, for the simple reason that I was left with several curiously shaped bits of metal which did not seem to fit anywhere. I gave up in despair. The weeks passed and the grass grew. When my wife nagged me to do something about it, I told her that either I would have to buy a new mower or let the grass grow. Needless to say that our house is now surrounded by a jungle. Buried somewhere in deep grass there is a rusting lawnmower which I have promised to repair one day.

On the basis of your reading of the passage, answer the following questions by choosing the best of the given choices.

(4)

Shops that cater to the do-it-yourself craze provide

..... .

Advisory services and record players.

Bits and pieces to assemble and building garages.

Advisory services and bits and pieces to assemble at home.

Bits and pieces to assemble and building garages

According to the writer, the unserviceable lawnmower needed

..... .

To be laid out in the garden.

A replacement of the old link in the chain.

A tightening of the machine.

Dismantling of its steel.

The writer could not buy a new chain for the lawnmower because

.....

He did not know from whom and where to buy it.

He needed his servant to buy it.

He needed to gather more information.

There was no hardware shop in the vicinity.

After buying a new chain, the author

Fixed the lawnmower.

Was confused how to put it.

Faced the task of putting all the parts correctly.

Lost the new chain.

Answer the following questions briefly. (6)

Why do people not rely on specialized labour so much nowadays, according to the writer?

What do wives tend to believe about their husbands?

Why do husbands think that they can do anything even when proved otherwise?

What is the disadvantage of do-it-yourself game?

Why could the author not fix the lawnmower?

Why didn't the author call a mechanic to repair the lawnmower?

Find words from the passage which mean the same as:

(2)

Beginners (para 1)

Zealous (para 1)

Read the following passage carefully.

(8)

THE Maharaja of Pratibandapuram is the hero of this story. He may be identified as His Highness Jamedar -General, Khiledar-Major, Sata Vyaghra Samhari, Maharajadhiraja Visva Bhuvana Samrat, Sir Jilani Jung Jung Bahadur, M.A.D., A.C.T.C., or C.R.C.K. But this name is often shortened to the Tiger King. I have come forward to tell you why he came to be known as Tiger King.

I have no intention of pretending to advance only to end in a strategic withdrawal. Even the threat of a Stuka bomber will not throw me off track. The Stuka, if it likes, can beat a hasty retreat from my story.

Right at the start, it is imperative to disclose a matter of vital importance about the Tiger King. Everyone who reads of him will experience the natural desire to meet a man of his indomitable courage face-to-face. But there is no chance of its fulfilment. As Bharata said to Rama about Dasaratha, the Tiger King has reached that final abode of all living creatures. In other words, the Tiger King is dead.

The manner of his death is a matter of extraordinary interest. It can be revealed only at the end of the tale. The most fantastic aspect of his demise was that as soon as he was born, astrologers had foretold that one day the Tiger King would actually have to die.

“The child will grow up to become the warrior of warriors, hero of heroes, champion of champions. But...” they bit their lips and swallowed hard. When compelled to continue, the astrologers

came out with it. "This is a secret which should not be revealed at all. And yet we are forced to speak out. The child born under this star will one day have to meet its death."

2.1 On the basis of your reading of the above passage, make notes on it using headings and subheadings. Use recognisable abbreviations. Also supply an appropriate title to it.

2.2 Write a summary of the above passage in about 80 words.

Section-B (Writing)

You are Surinder/Sapna, living at 456, Jagat Colony, Patiala. Write a letter to the editor of 'The Tribune', Chandigarh expressing your concern over the casual approach of people during the Lockdown due to Corona outbreak. **(6)**

Prepare a poster on "Kindness to Animals" to be displayed at public places, appealing to people to show kindness towards animals. **(4)**

Section-C (Literature)

Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow:. **(4)**

I talked to a psychiatrist friend of mine, among others. I told him about the third level at Grand Central Station, and he said it was a waking dream wish fulfillment. He said I was unhappy. That made my wife kind of mad, but he explained that he meant the modern world is full of insecurity, fear, war, worry and all the rest of it, and that I just want to escape.

Name the chapter and the author.

What did the narrator tell his friend?

What did the psychiatrist friend say in reply?

What did the psychiatrist explain when he saw the narrator's wife going mad?

Answer the following questions in about 25-30 words. (10)

Give a description of the 'third level'.

Why did Charley run back from the third level?

How did Charley come to know that Sam had also found the third level?

What led the maharaja start out on the tiger hunt?

When did the Tiger King stand in danger of losing his kingdom?

Answer the following question in about 100-150 words. (6)

Did Sam really go to Galesburg or was it Charley's figment of imagination?

Amrit Indo Canadian Academy
Class – XI
ASSIGNMENT: ECONOMICS

Section-A

MM: 50

Define National Income.

Final good may also undergo transformations. True/False Give reasons

Which of the following is a flow?

Deposits in a bank b. Capital c. Depreciation d. Wealth

Market price include: choose the correct alternative

**Subsidies b. indirect taxes c. intermediate consumption d.
depreciation**

A part of profit which is distributed among the factors of production is called_____.

That part of NNP which actually accrues to the owners of factors of production is called___.

Prizes received by the household from the government and firms are included in National income. True/False Give reasons

Purchase of car by a household is a part of gross domestic capital formation. T/F give reasons

Free services provided by the government will not be included in national income. T/F

Goods produced for self-consumption will be included in national income. True/False

1*10

Section-B

State the components of the income method that are used to calculate national income.

How will you treat the following in the calculation of Net Domestic Product (NDP) of India? Give reasons.

Factor income from abroad

Remittances from non-resident Indians to their families in India.

Find the net value added at MP: (Rs. In lakh)

| | |
|--|------|
| Fixed capital good with a life span of 5 years | 15 |
| Raw material | 6 |
| Sales | 25 |
| Net change in stock | (12) |
| Taxes on production | 1 |

4*3

Calculate GNPmp by income method and expenditure method by following data:

| Particulars | (Rs. In Crore) |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Rent | 40 |
| Private final consumption exp | 800 |
| Net exports | 20 |
| Interest | 60 |
| Profit | 120 |
| Govt. final consumption exp | 200 |
| Net domestic capital formation | 100 |
| Compensation of employees | 800 |
| Consumption of fixed capital | 20 |
| Net indirect taxes | 100 |
| Net factor income from abroad | (20) |

Suppose there only two firms, A and B in an imaginary economy. Firm A uses no raw material

& produces cotton worth Rs. 50 lakhs. Firm A gives Rs. 20 lakhs to the workers as wages and keeps the remaining Rs.30 lakhs as its profits. Firm A sells its

cotton to firm B, who uses it produce cloth. Firm B sells the cloth produced to consumers for Rs.200 lakhs and gives Rs.60 lakhs as wages and keeps the remaining income generated as profits.

Assuming no depreciation and indirect taxes or subsidies calculate GDP by three methods.

8*2

“Circular flow of income in a two sector economy is based on the axiom that one’s expenditure is other’s income.” Do you agree with given statement? Support your answer with valid reasons.

Calculate (a) Net national product at factor cost and (b) GDPmp

| items | (Rs. In Crore) |
|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Net indirect taxes | 38 |
| Consumption of fixed capital | 34 |
| NFIA | (-)3 |
| Rent | 10 |
| Profits | 25 |
| Interest | 20 |
| Royalty | 5 |
| Wages and salaries | 170 |
| Employee’s contribution to PF | 30 |

6*2

Prepared by Rajan Ghai, Pls feel free to contact:9878

XII- BUSINESS STUDIES

ASSIGNMENT - CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT

- Shanu wants to buy an iron. As an aware consumer how can he be sure about the quality of iron
- Define Consumer protection act. (1)
- How does Govt. protect the interest of consumers? State. (1)
- District forum redresses the grievances of what amount? (1)
- What kind of appeals can be taken to the Supreme court? (1)
- Which consumer right entitles the consumer to get relief in case the product falls short of his expectations? (1)
- What should a consumer do to have proof of the purchase made? (1)
- Mention the consumer right which entitles a consumer to have complete information about the product he intends to buy?
(1)
- What is the purpose of enacting the Consumer protection act, 1986? (2)
- Give any three examples of exploitative and unfair trade practices in which sellers engage. (3)
- Why consumer protection is important for (a) consumer (b) businessman (4)
- Why management is considered a multi faceted concept? (5)
- Explain the redressal mechanism available to consumers under the consumer protection act, 1986. (6)
- State briefly the various rights available to consumer under Consumer protection ACT, 1986. (6)
- What role can you, as a student, play to contribute to the cause of consumer protection act (6)
- While purchasing, a consumer should keep in mind his responsibilities. Mention those responsibilities. (6)
- Coordination is the essence of management. Do you agree? Give reasons. (6)

Prepared by : Mohit Narula

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**AMRIT INDO CANADIAN ACADEMY
ASSIGNMENTS XII**

SUBJECT: ENTREPRENEURSHIP

MM: 50

- Who is a sole proprietor? (1)
- Which form of business organization is the simplest form of business organization? (1)
- Who is Karta? (1)
- Who are known as co-parceners? (1)
- What is partnership deed? (1)
- Which is the only form of business organization where minor is also considered as a family member? (1)
- Define the following terms: (a) Active partner (b) Nominal partner (2)
- Is registration of partnership essential? Why\why not? (2)
- Explain (a) artificial person (b) perpetual succession as characteristics of company (3)
- Distinguish between Limited partnership & Particular partnership (3)
- “Members may come, members may go, but company goes on for ever”. Discuss this statement.
- Explain in brief the relative merits & de-merits of sole proprietorship.
- 5*2=10
- What are the various features of Joint stock company? (6)
- Explain briefly the various contents of partnership deed. (6)
- State briefly the relative merits & de-merits of Hindu Undivided family? (6)
- Explain briefly the various forms of business organization. (6)

AMRIT INDO CANADIAN ACADEMY

ASSIGNMENT

CLASS-XII COMMERCE

CHAPTER-GOODWILL

Instructions:

- 1. Ques 1-6 are comprising of 1 mark each**
- 2. Ques 7-8 are comprising of 3 mark each**
- 3. Ques 9-16 are comprising of 6 mark each**
- 4. Total marks are 50.**

1.As per AccountingStandard-26,

both purchased and self-generated goodwill are accounted in the books of account

purchased goodwill is accounted in the books of account

None of these

self-generated goodwill is accounted in the books of account

2. Calculate the average profit of last four year's profits. The profits of the last four years were:

| | |
|------|-------------|
| 2008 | 27000 |
| 2009 | 39000 |
| 2010 | 16000(loss) |
| 2011 | 40000 |

a. ₹10000

b. Rs. 22500

c. ₹30000

d. ₹40000

3. The excess amount which the firm gets on selling its business over and above the net value is

Surplus

Goodwill

Super profits.

Reserve

4. Goodwill is valued

at the time of change in profit-sharing ratio

at the time of retirement or death of a partner

at the time of admission of a partner

All of these

5. Goodwill under Average Profit Method means

None of these

Normal profit Number of year's purchase

Super profit Number of year's purchase

Average profit Number of year's purchase

6. Fill In the blanks:

Average Profit = $\frac{\text{Normal Profit} + \text{Super Profit}}{\text{Number of year's purchase}}$

7. How does goodwill arise?

8. How does the factor 'quality of product' affect the goodwill of a firm?

9. The profits and losses for last five years were

1st year - Rs 3,000 (including an abnormal gain of 1,000)

2nd year - Rs 7,000 (excluding Rs 2,000 as insurance premium)

3rd year - Rs 2,000 (after charging an abnormal loss of Rs 1,000) 4th year - Rs 3,000

5th year - Rs 1,000 (Loss)

Calculate the amount of Goodwill on the basis of 3 years purchase of last 5 years profits and losses.

10. What is Revaluation Account? How it is differ from Profit & Loss Appropriation A/c?

11. A business has earned average profits of Rs 1,00,000 during the last few years and the normal rate of return in a similar business is 10%. Find out the value of goodwill by

Capitalisation of super profit method.

Super profit method, if the goodwill is valued at 3 years purchase of super profit.

The assets of the business were Rs 10,00,000 and its external liabilities Rs 1,80,000.

12. Neeraj and Dheeraj are carrying on a business of repairing electronic items. There are no other technicians for repairing electronic items in the locality. As the electric supply has a lot of fluctuations the equipments get damaged. Therefore, both the partners themselves do the repairing work to the satisfaction of the customers. The firm donates 10% of its profits to a Charitable Hospital of the locality for the medical treatment of persons below poverty line. State the two factors affecting the goodwill of the firm discussed in the above para. Also identify any two values which the firm is trying to propagate.

13. Cake and Muffin are partners sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 5:4 On 1st April 2016, they admit Cookie as a new partner for 1/6th share in the profits of the firm and the new ratio agreed upon is 3 : 2 : 1.

Goodwill, at the time of Cookie's admission, is to be valued on the basis of capitalisation of the average profits of the last three years. Profits for the last three years were:

| | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Year ended 31st March 2014 | ₹39,000 (including an abnormal loss of ₹9,000) |
| Year ended 31st March 2015 | ₹83,000 (including an abnormal loss of ₹8,000) |
| Year ended 31st March 2016 | ₹72,000 |

On 1st April 2016, the firm had assets of ₹8,00,000. Its creditors amounted ₹3,60,000. The firm had a Reserve Fund of ₹40,000 while Partners' Capital Account showed a balance of ₹4,00,000.

The normal rate of return expected form this class of business is 13%.

Cookie brings in ₹2,00,000 for her capital but is unable to bring in cash for her share of goodwill.

You are required to:

Calculate Cookie's share of Goodwill in the firm (Show your workings clearly).

Pass Journal entries at the time of Cookie's admission.

14. Explain all the methods of calculating goodwill?

15. X and Y are partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 5 : 3. On March 1, 2017 they admitted Z as a new Partner. The new profit sharing ratio will be 4 : 3 : 2. Z brought in ₹1,00,000 in cash as his share of capital but could not bring any amount for goodwill in cash. The firm's goodwill on Z's admission was valued at ₹1,80,000. X and Y decided that Z can bring his share of premium for goodwill later or it can be adjusted against his share of profits. At the time of Z's admission goodwill existed in the books of the firm at ₹2,40,000.

You are required to pass necessary journal entries in the books of the firm on Z's admission.

16. Bakul and Gokul were partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 2 : 1 with capitals of ₹40,000 and ₹30,000 respectively. They decided to admit Nakul into partnership on conditions that he would bring in ₹20,000 as his capital and ₹6,000 for his share of goodwill for 1/4th share of profits. Half of the amount of goodwill was withdrawn by the existing partners. The capital of the partners in the New firm was to be arranged in profit sharing ratio on the basis of Nakul's Capital and excess or deficit capital to be adjusted in cash. Give the necessary journal entries to record the transactions and show the capital accounts of the partners and the cash account.

Prepared by Amandeep verma

ਅੰਮ੍ਰਿਤ ਇੰਡੋ ਕਨੇਡੀਅਨ ਅਕੈਡਮੀ
ਵੀਡੀਓ ਭਾਗ-1 ਅਤੇ 2 ਅਧਾਰਤ ਅਸਾਈਨਮੈਂਟ ਪੰਜਾਬੀ

ਜਮਾਤ- ਬਾਰ੍ਹਵੀਂ

ਪਾਠ-1(ਕਾਵਿ-ਯਾਤਰਾ) -ਭਾਈ ਵੀਰ ਸਿੰਘ

(ੳ) ਕੰਬਦੀ ਕਲਾਈ

(ਅ) ਤ੍ਰੇਲ ਤੁਪਕਾ

ਪਾਠ-2 (ਕਥਾ ਜਗਤ (ਸੂਲੀ ਉੱਤੇ ਲਟਕੇ ਪਲ (ਅਜੀਤ ਕੌਰ)

ਭਾਗ-ੳ(ਗਿਆਨ ਅਤੇ ਪਰਖ)

1. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੇ ਪ੍ਰਸ਼ਨਾਂ ਦੇ ਸੰਖੇਪ ਵਿੱਚ ਉੱਤਰ ਲਿਖੋ। 1*16=16
੧. ਭਾਈ ਵੀਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਜੀ ਕੌਣ ਹਨ?
 ੨. ਕਾਵਿ -ਯਾਤਰਾ ਪਾਠ ਪੁਸਤਕ ਵਿੱਚ ਭਾਈ ਵੀਰ ਸਿੰਘ ਜੀ ਦੀਆਂ ਕਿਹੜੀਆਂ ਕਵਿਤਾਵਾਂ ਸ਼ਾਮਲ ਹਨ?
 ੩. ਕੰਬਦੀ ਕਲਾਈ ਕਵਿਤਾ ਵਿੱਚ ਕਿਸਦਾ ਦ੍ਰਿਸ਼ ਰੂਪਮਾਨ ਹੈ?
 ੪. ਸੁਪਨੇ ਵਿੱਚ ਕਵੀ ਨੂੰ ਪ੍ਰੀਤਮ ਪਿਆਰਾ ਕਿਸ ਰੂਪ ਵਿਚ ਮਿਲਦਾ ਹੈ?
 ੫. 'ਤੁਸੀਂ ਉੱਚੇ ਅਸੀਂ ਨੀਵੇਂ ਸਾਂ' ਤੁਕ ਵਿਚ ਕਿਹੜੇ ਰਹੱਸ ਦੀ ਗੱਲ ਕੀਤੀ ਹੈ?
 ੬. 'ਮਿੱਟੀ ਚਮਕ ਪਈ ਇਹ ਮੋਈ' ਤੁਕ ਦਾ ਕੀ ਭਾਵ ਹੈ?
 ੭. 'ਚਕਾਚੁੰਧ' ਸ਼ਬਦ ਦਾ ਅਰਥ ਲਿਖੋ।
 ੮. ਤ੍ਰੇਲ ਤੁਪਕੇ ਦਾ ਰੂਪ ਕਿਹੋ ਜਿਹਾ ਹੈ?
 ੯. ਅਰਸ਼ੀ ਕਿਰਨ ਕਿਸ ਨੂੰ ਕਿਹਾ ਗਿਆ ਹੈ?
 ੧੦. ਪੌਣ ਦਾ ਝੋਕਾ ਕਿਸ ਚੀਜ਼ ਦਾ ਪ੍ਰਤੀਕ ਹੈ?
 ੧੧. ਸੂਲੀ ਉੱਤੇ ਲਟਕੇ ਪਲ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਦੀ ਮੁੱਖ ਸਮੱਸਿਆ ਕੀ ਹੈ?
 ੧੨. ਕਰੁਣਾ ਕੌਣ ਹੈ? ਅਹੁ ਆਨੰਦ ਦੀ ਕੀ ਲੱਗਦੀ ਹੈ?
 ੧੩. ਕਰੁਣਾ ਦੀ ਨੌਕਰਾਣੀ ਦਾ ਨਾਂ ਕੀ ਹੈ?
 ੧੪. ਕਰੁਣਾ ਕਿਹੋ ਜਿਹੇ ਲੋਕਾਂ ਨੂੰ ਪਸੰਦ ਨਹੀਂ ਕਰਦੀ?
 ੧੫. ਕਰੁਣਾ ਨੇ ਕਿੰਨੇ ਸਾਲ ਆਪਣੇ ਪਤੀ ਦੀਆਂ ਵਧੀਕੀਆਂ ਸਹੀਆਂ ਅਤੇ ਕਿੰਨੇ ਸਾਲਾਂ ਤੋਂ ਆਪਣੇ ਪਤੀ ਤੋਂ ਅਲੱਗ ਰਹਿ ਰਹੀ ਸੀ?

੧੬. ਐਤਵਾਰ ਉਹ ਕਿੱਥੇ ਘੁਮੰਣ ਗਈਆਂ ਸਨ?

ਭਾਗ -ਅ (ਸਮਝ-ਸੂਝ)

ਪ੍ਰਸੰਗ ਸਹਿਤ ਵਿਆਖਿਆ

2. ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖੀਆਂ ਕਾਵਿ ਸਤਰਾਂ ਦੀ ਪ੍ਰਸੰਗ ਸਹਿਤ ਵਿਆਖਿਆ ਕਰੋ। (5+5=10) ਅੱਧੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਦੇ ਅਰਥ ਵੀ ਲਿਖਣੇ ਹਨ।

(ੳ) ਸੁਪਨੇ ਵਿਚ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਮਿਲੇ ਅਸਾਨੂੰ ਅਸਾਂ ਧਾ ਗਲਵਕੜੀ ਪਾਈ
ਨਿਰਾ ਨੂਰ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਹੱਥ ਨਾ ਆਏ , ਸਾਡੀ ਕੰਬਦੀ ਰਹੀ ਕਲਾਈ
ਧਾ ਚਰਨਾਂ ਤੇ ਸੀਸ ਨਿਵਾਇਆ ਸਾਡੇ ਮੱਥੇ ਛੋਹਨ ਾ ਪਾਈ,
ਤੁਸੀਂ ਉੱਚੇ ਅਸੀਂ ਨੀਵੇਂ ਸਾਂ ਸਾਡੀ ਪੇਸ਼ ਨਾ ਗਈਆ ਕਾਈ।

(ਅ) ਅਰਸ਼ੀ ਕਿਰਨ ਇੱਕ ਆਵਸੀ ਲੈਸੀ ਏਸ ਲੁਕਾਇ,
ਝੋਕਾ ਮਤ ਕੁਈ ਪੌਣ ਦਾ ਦੇਵੇ ਧਰਤ ਗਿਰਾਇ।
ਨਿੱਤ ਪਯਾਰ ਖਿੱਚ ਲਿਆਂਵਦਾ ਕਰੇ ਅਰੂਪੇ ਰੂਪ,
ਅਰਸ਼ੀ ਪ੍ਰੀਤਮ ਹੂ ਕੁਈ ਨਿਤ ਫਿਰ ਕਰੇ ਅਰੂਪ।

ਭਾਗ-ੲ (ਲਾਗੂ ਕਰੋ)

1. ਸੂਲੀ ਉੱਤੇ ਲਟਕੇ ਪਲ ਕਹਾਣੀ ਦਾ ਵਿਸ਼ਾ/ਵਸਤੂ ਜਾਂ ਸਮੱਸਿਆ ਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਲਿਖੋ। 5
2. ਤੋਸ਼ੀ ਦਾ ਪਾਤਰ ਚਿਤਰਨ ਆਪਣੇ ਸ਼ਬਦਾਂ ਵਿਚ ਲਿਖੋ। 5
3. ਕਹਾਣੀ ਦੇ ਅਧਾਰ 'ਤੇ ਦੱਸੋ ਕਿ ਅੱਜ ਦੀ ਸੁਤੰਤਰ ਔਰਤ ਦੀ ਮਾਨਸਿਕ ਸਥਿਤੀ ਕਿਹੋ ਜਿਹੀ ਹੈ? 5

ਭਾਗ-ਸ(ਮੁਲਾਂਕਣ)

1. ਕਰੁਣਾ ਨੂੰ ਕਿਸ ਮਾਨਸਿਕ ਸੰਕਟ ਵਿਚੋਂ ਲੰਘਣਾ ਪੈ ਰਿਹਾ ਸੀ ਅਤੇ ਕਿਉਂ? 5

ਭਾਗ- ਹ(ਸਿਰਜਣਾ ਕਰੋ) 4

1. ਅਜੋਕੇ ਸਮੇਂ ਵਿੱਚ ਤਲਾਕ ਦਾ ਰੁਝਾਨ ਕਿਉਂ ਵੱਧ ਰਿਹਾ ਹੈ? ਇਹ ਕਿੱਥੋਂ ਕੁ ਤੱਕ ਜਾਇਜ਼ ਹੈ?